

## ОСНОВНИ ФОРМУЛИ

милифарад	$1 mF = 10^{-3} F$	килоньютон	$1 kN = 10^3 kX$
микрофарад	$1 \mu F = 10^{-6} F$	меганьютон	$1 MN = 10^6 N$
нанофарад	$1 nF = 10^{-9} F$	гиганьютон	$1 GN = 10^9 N$
пикофарад	$1 pF = 10^{-12} F$	тераньютон	$1 TN = 10^{12} N$
фемтофарад	$1 fF = 10^{-15} F$	петаньютон	$1 PN = 10^{15} N$

$$q = n e \quad \vec{F}_{12} = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}^2} \vec{r}_{012} \quad \vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}_0}{q_0} \quad \vec{F} = q \vec{E} \quad \vec{E} = k \frac{q}{r^2} \vec{r}_0$$

$$A = qU = q(\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) \quad \varphi = \frac{A}{q_0} = \frac{W}{q_0} \quad \varphi = k \cdot \frac{q}{r}$$

$$C = \frac{q}{\varphi_1 - \varphi_2} = \frac{q}{U} \quad C_{\text{узн.св.}} = \sum_i C_i \quad \frac{1}{C_{\text{носл.св.}}} = \sum_i \frac{1}{C_i}$$

$$I = \frac{q}{t} \quad I = \frac{U}{R}$$

$$R = \rho \frac{L}{S} \quad R_{\text{носл.св.}} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + \dots \quad \frac{1}{R_{\text{узн.св.}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} + \dots$$

$$P = \frac{A}{t} \quad Q = IUt \quad P = IU$$

$$B = \frac{F_{\text{max}}}{q_0 \mathcal{G}}, [B] - \text{Тесла (Т)}$$

$$d\vec{F} = I(d\vec{l} \times \vec{B}), \quad F = I l B \sin(\vec{d}\vec{l}, \vec{B})$$

$$\Phi = \vec{B} \cdot \vec{S} = B S \cos(\vec{B}, \vec{S}), [\Phi] - \text{Вебер (Wb)} \quad \mathcal{E}_i = -\frac{\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t} \quad I_i = \frac{\mathcal{E}_i}{R} = -\frac{1}{R} \frac{\Delta\Phi}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{Si} = -L \frac{\Delta I}{\Delta t}, [L] - \text{Хенри (H)}$$

$$c_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\epsilon_0 \cdot \mu_0}} = 3 \cdot 10^8 \text{ m/s} \quad E = E_0 \cdot \cos(\varphi)$$

## ДОПЪЛНИТЕЛНИ ФОРМУЛИ

$$k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \cdot 10^9 \frac{N \cdot m^2}{C^2}$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8,85 \cdot 10^{-12} F / m$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} H / m$$

$$\sin 180^\circ = 0; \sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}; \sin 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}; \sin 90^\circ = 1$$

$$x(t) = v \cdot t, \quad y(t) = \frac{at^2}{2} = \frac{qEt^2}{2m}, \quad y = \frac{qE}{2mv^2} \cdot x^2$$

$$A = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_{r_1}^{r_2} \frac{Qq_0}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r^2} dr = \frac{Qq_0}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left( \frac{1}{r_1} - \frac{1}{r_2} \right)$$

$$\vec{E} = -\text{grad}\varphi = -\frac{d\varphi}{dr} \quad E = \frac{U}{d} \quad W = \frac{q_1 q_2}{4\pi\epsilon_0 r}$$

$$C_{\text{сф. пров.}} = \frac{q}{\varphi} = r / k \quad C_{\text{плосък конд.}} = \epsilon_0 \epsilon \frac{S}{d}$$

$$C_{\text{сф. конд.}} = 4\pi\epsilon_0 \epsilon \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_2 - R_1} \quad C_{\text{цилиндър конд.}} = \frac{2\pi\epsilon_0 \epsilon l}{\ln \frac{R_2}{R_1}} \quad W_{\text{кондензатор}} = \frac{1}{2} q \cdot U$$

$$I = n_0 \cdot e \cdot v \cdot S \quad I = GU \quad \rho = \rho_0 (1 + \alpha T)$$

$$\mathcal{E} = \frac{A_{\text{смп.}}}{q} \quad A_{\text{смп.}} = \mathcal{E} I t$$

$$\vec{H} = \frac{\vec{B}}{\mu_0 \mu} \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R} \quad B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2} \frac{a^2}{(a^2 + z^2)^{3/2}}$$

$$B_\infty = \mu_0 n I \quad F = \mu_0 \frac{I_1 I_2}{2\pi d} L \quad W_{\text{вихр. ток}} \sim \frac{\omega^2}{R}$$

$$\nu_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}} \quad Q = 2\pi \frac{E}{\Delta E} \quad T = 1/\nu \quad c = \nu \cdot \lambda$$