SETTING UP

Windows XP machine to use 802.1x Authentication





Setting up Eduroam for users:

STEP 1

Right click on the wireless connection icon in the system tray (near the clock), and select Open Network Connections.



STEP 2

In the **Network Connections** window, again, right click on the wireless network connection and select **Properties**.



STEP 3

In the Wireless Network Connection Properties window, click on the Wireless Networks tab, add an entry into the Preferred networks section by clicking the Add button.



STEP 4

In the Wireless network properties window

- -Type in **eduroam** for the Network name (SSID).
- -Select WPA2 as the Network Authentication method.
- -Select **AES** as the Data encryption method.



STEP 5

Next click on the Authentication tab

- -Select **Protected EAP (PEAP)** from the drop down list for **EAP** Type:
- -Make sure that all other check boxes are unselected.
- -Click on the Properties button.



STEP 6

In the Protected EAP Properties

- -Unselect the Validate server certificate check box.
- -Select the Enable Fast Reconnect check box.
- -Click on the **Configure** button.



STEP 7

Un-check the Automatically use my Windows logon name and password check box, and click OK.

To complete the configuration of the Preferred network click on the OK button until you're back at the Network Connections window.



STEP 8

Click on this bubble box to enter your username and password.



STEP 9

Type in your username, which for this service must include:

'username@youraddress.domain' like your e-Mail address.

Type in your password.

Click on OK.



Eduroam infrastructure

Eduroam technology is based on 802.1X standard and a hierarchy of RADIUS proxy servers

The role of the RADIUS hierarchy is to forward the users' credentials to the users' home institution, where they can be verified and validated.

When a user requests authentication, the user's realm determines where the request is routed to. The realm is the suffix of the user-name, delimited with '@', and is derived from the organisation's DNS domain name.

Every institution (i.e. university or equivalent) that wants to participate in eduroam connects its institutional RADIUS-server to the national top-level RADIUS (NTLR) server of the country where the institution is located.

The NTLR is normally operated by the National Research and Education Network (NREN) of that country. These country-level servers have a complete list of the participating eduroam institutions in that country. This is sufficient to guarantee national roaming.

For international roaming, a regional top-level RADIUS server is needed in order to roam the users request to the right country. Currently there are two main regions where eduroam is deployed: Europe and Asia-Pacific.

In the case of Europe the top-level RADIUS server (ETLR) are operated by the Dutch NREN (SURFnet) and the Danish NREN (UNI-C).